

PLANTING ZONES FOR HUMMINGBIRD FLOWERS

ZONE 1:

Minimum temperatures: Below –50 F (Below – 46 C)

Zone 1 includes the coldest parts of North America. They are the extreme northern parts of Canada, parts of the Yukon Territory, Alberta, and Saskatchewan, interior Alaska, and parts of the Aleutians and Kodiak Island. Only the hardiest plants can survive in these areas. These plants survive the coldest temperatures and short growing seasons and they are enjoyed by hummingbirds.

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	ZONE
Impatiens	Impatiens	1-11
Jewelweed	Impatiens	1-11
Mexican Sunflower	Tithonia rotundifolia	1-11
Nasturtiums	Tropaeolum	1-11
Red Sage	Salvia splendens	1-11
Scarlet runnerbean	Phaseolus coccineus	1-11
Scarlet sage	Salvia coccinea	1-11
Snapdragon	Antirrhinum majus	1-11
Texas sage	Salvia coccinea	1-11
Tree tobacco	Nicotiana glauca	1-11
Zinnia	Zinnia	1-11

ZONE 2:

Minimum temperatures: Below –50 to -40 F (Below – 46 to -40 C)

Zone 2 is the southern geographical area of Zone 1 which is the coldest parts of North America. They are the extreme northern parts of Canada, parts of the Yukon Territory, Alberta, and Saskatchewan, interior Alaska, and parts of the Aleutians and Kodiak Island. Only the hardiest plants can survive in these areas. These plants survive the cold temperatures and short growing seasons and they are enjoyed by hummingbirds.

These plants can be used in the southern area of Zone 1 **in addition** to all of the plants listed in the **zone 1 table**.

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	ZONE
Obedient plant	Physostegia virginiana	2-9
<u>Morning glory</u>	<u>Ipomoea coccinea</u>	2-9
Cardinal flower	Lobelia	2-8

ZONE 3:

Mimimum Temperature: -40 to -30 F (-40 to -34 C)

Zone 3 stretches along the Canada-United States border in North America. It includes such cities as International Falls, Minnesota and Sydney, Montana. This gardening zone has cold winters and warm to hot summers. There is a 2 to 4 month gardening season.

These plants can be used in Zone 3 **in addition** to all of the plants listed in **zone 1 and zone 2**.

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	ZONE
Bleeding heart	Dicentra spectabilis	3-8
Columbines	Aquilegia	3-9
Coral bells	Heuchera	3-8
Day lily	Hemerocallis	3-8
Delphinium	Delphinium	3-7
Fireweed	Epilobium augustifolium	3-9
Gay feather	Liatris	3-8
Hollyhocks	Alcea rosea	3-7
<u>Hosta</u>	Hosta	3-8
Larkspur	Delphinium	3-7
Liatris	Liatris	3-8
Lilac	Syringa vulgaris	3-8
Plaintain	Lily	3-8

ZONE 4:

Minimum temperatures: -30 to -20 F (-34 to -29 C)

Zone 4 includes the upper portions of Minnesota, Nebraska, and Montana.

A wide variety of perennials and herbaceous plants grow here because of the nearly constant snow cover with its insulating effect from the cold. In spite of the cold winters, summers can sometimes be very hot.

These plants can be used in Zone 4 **in addition** to all of the plants listed in **zones 1, 2 and 3**.

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	ZONE
<u>Bee Balm</u>	<u>Monarda</u>	4-8
Bishop's Hat	Epimedium grandiflorum	4-9
Coral Honeysuckle	Lonicera sempervirens	4-10
Foxglove	Digitalis	4-8
Giant Hummingbird Mint	Agastache barberi	4-8
Honeysuckle	Lonicera	4-10
Horsemint	Monarda fistulosa	4-8
Ipomopsis	Ipomopsis	4-11
<u>Morning Glory</u>	<u>Ipomoea</u>	4-7
Penstemon	Penstemon	4-7
<u>Phlox</u>	<u>Phlox</u>	4-8
Rhododendrom	Rhododendrom	4-11
Skyrocket	Ipomopsos	4-11
<u>Trumpet vine</u>	<u>Campsis radicans</u>	4-9

ZONE 5:

Minimum temperatures: -20 to -10 F (-29 to -23 C)

Zone 5 includes the states of Iowa and the upper portions of Illinois and Missouri. You can grow a large variety of plants in this zone.

These plants can be used in Zone 5 **in addition** to all of the plants listed in **zones 1, 2, 3 and 4.**

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	ZONE
<u>Butterfly bush</u>	Buddleia	5-9
Comfrey	Symphytum	5-10
Crocsmia lucifer	Crocsmia	5-10
Double Bubblemint	Agastache cana	5-9
Gladiolus	Gladiolus	5-8
Red hot poker	Kniphofia vuaria	5-11
Red Yucca	Hesperaloe parviflora	5-8
Rose of Sharon	Hesperaloe parviflora	5-8
Sword Lily	Gladiolus	5-8
Tritoma	Knphofia uvaria	5-11

ZONE 6:

Minimum temperatures: -10 to 0 F (-23 to -18 C)

If you live in zone 6, growing both cold-weather and warm-weather plants is possible. Generally, cold-weather plants cannot survive summer in warmer zones. On the other hand, warm-weather plants do not survive winter in colder zones. In zone 6, you are lucky enough to be able to grow both.

These plants can be used in Zone 6 **in addition** to all of the plants listed in **zones 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.**

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	ZONE
Cardinal Climber	Ipomea multifida	6-11
Cross Vine	Bignonia capreolata	6-10
Cypress Vine	Ipomoea quamoclit	6-11
Indian Paintbrush	Castilleja	6-9
Lily of the Nile	Agapanthus orientalis	6-8
Pervian Lily	Alstroemerai psittacina	6-8
Red Star Hibiscus	Hibiscus coccineau	6-11
Indian Paintbrush	Castilleja	6-9

ZONE 7:

Minimum temperatures: 0 to 10 F (-18 to -12 C)

Zone 7 basically includes a band around the middle of the United States. For example the states of Georgia, Arkansas, and Virginia are in this zone. Some parts of zone 7 receive high rainfall, while other parts get only moderate rainfall. There is little snow cover in winter, so mulching would be advised with certain plants.

These plants can be used in Zone 7 **in addition** to all of the plants listed in **zones 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.**

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	ZONE
Anise Hyssop	Agastache foeniculum	7-11
Autumn Sage	Salvia greggii	7-10
Cape Fuchsia	Phygelius capensis	7-11
Chaste Tree	Vitex agnus castus	7-9
Milkweed	Mexican asclepias	7-10
Red Mint	Stachys coccinea	7-11

ZONE 8:

Minimum temperatures: 10 to 20 F (-12 to -7 C)

Zone 8 includes the Pacific Northwest and a wide band across the southern United States. It has mild winters and a long growing season. Only heat and occasional drought can limit the plant growth. Some flowers can become dormant in summer. Nonetheless, if you live in zone 8 you are lucky enough to have a climate excellent for gardening.

These plants can be used in Zone 8 **in addition** to all of the plants listed in **zones 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7.**

NOTE: Check zones 3 and 4, since there are a few exceptions that won't tolerate the warmer temperatures of zone 8.

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	ZONE
Bottlebush	Callistemon citrinus	8-10
Cannas Lily	Cannas	7-10
Cape Honeysuckle	Tecomaria capensis	8-10
Cleveland Sage	Salvia cleveland	8-11
Firebush	Hemelia patens	8-11
Four O'Clocks	Mirabilis jalapa	8-11
Lantana	Lantana	8-11
Mexican Sage	Salvia levcantha	8-11
Turk's Cap	Malvaviscus	8-11

ZONE 9:

Minimum temperatures: 20 to 30 F (-7 to -1 C)

Zone 9 includes the southwestern United States, the Florida Peninsula, and the southern part of Louisiana. The southwestern summers are hot. Drought can be a problem. Florida summers are hot and humid. There are many beautiful plants that do tolerate these conditions quite well. Zone 9 is a wonderful gardening zone.

These plants can be used in Zone 9 **in addition** to some of the plants listed in **zones 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8.**

NOTE: Check zones 1 through 6, since there are exceptions that won't tolerate the warmer temperatures of zone 9.

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	ZONE
Egyptian Star	Pentas Lanceolata	9-11
Flowering Maple	Abutilon	9-11
Fuchsia	Fuchsia lyciodes	9-11
Kalanchoe	Kalanchoe	9-11
Mexican Cigar	Cuphea ignea	9-11
Snapdragon Vine	Asarina antirrinifolia	9-11
Shrimp Plant	Justicia brandegeana	9-10

ZONE 10:

Minimum temperatures: 30 to 40 F (-1 to 4 C)

Zone 10 does not have winter.

Instead, it receives the balmy temperatures influenced by the ocean.

It encompasses parts of the Southern California coast, Florida, the Florida Keys, Northern Kauni, and the central portion of Hawaii.

It has a yearlong growing season.

It is best suited for tropical plants.

Additionally, many other plants enjoyed by hummingbirds do grow in this fabulous planting zone.

These plants can be used in Zone 10 **in addition** to some of the plants listed in **other zones.**

NOTE: Check other zones, since there are exceptions that won't tolerate the warmer temperatures of zone 10.

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	ZONE
Bird of Paradise	Caesalpinia gillesii	9-11
Geranium	Pelargonium hortorum	9-11
Egyptian Star	Penta	9-10
Kalanchoe	Kalanchoe	9-11
Pagoda Plant	Clerodendrum	9-11
Penta	Penta	9-11
Pineapple Sage	Salvia elegans	9-11
Snapdragon vine	Asarina antirrhinifolia	9-11
Yellow Bells	Tecoma stans	9-11

